## LAKE WHATCOM LANDSCAPE PLAN

**Objectives and Alternatives Matrix (Final, 4-19-02)** 

	Alternative 1 = Black Text (Tier 3)	Alternative 3	Alternative 4	Alternative 5			
	Alternative 2 = Black + Red Text (Modeling Scenario A)	(Modeling Scenario B)	(Modeling Scenario C)	(Restoration Only			
OBJECTIVE 1	Ensure no significant risk to public, health, sa events.	Ensure no significant risk to public, health, safety and resources, and tribal archaeological and cultural resources from forest management related mass wasting					
	1.1: Follow Lake Whatcom Watershed Analysis mass-wasting prescriptions relating to timber harvesting.	140' edge buffer adjacent to Watershed Analysis ARS's #1, 2, 3 and 4. 20% removal on outer 50'	200' edge buffer adjacent to Watershed Analysis ARS's #1, 2, 3 and 4. No harvest.	a) Full retention on all unstable slopes.			
	1.2: Harvest and road construction upon potentially unstable slopes (see Potentially Unstable Slopes on Map G-2) shall be carefully	a) 140' edge buffer adjacent to unstable slopes. 20% removal on outer 50'	a) 200' edge buffer adjacent to unstable slopes.	a) Full retention on all potentially unstable slopes.			
	regulated. Proposed activities shall be reviewed by the inter-jurisdictional committee	b) >50% retention on potentially unstable slopes.	b) Full retention on potentially unstable slopes.	b) No new roads.			
	who may make site specific recommendations: 1.2.1 Proposed activities on potentially unstable slopes will require on-site evaluation by a DNR specialist. 1.2.2 No road construction or harvesting on areas identified during the above evaluation	c) Almost no roads on potentially unstable slopes.	c) No roads on potentially unstable slopes	<ul><li>c) No road reconstruction on potentially unstable slopes.</li><li>d) Abandon moderate- to high-risk roads on potentially unstable slopes.</li></ul>			
	as unstable. 1.2.3 Harvesting or road construction outside of unstable areas will consider interjurisdictional committee and specialists recommendations.						

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1.3: On unstable slopes (see High Hazard Mass Wasting Units on Map G-1), new road construction shall be prohibited and old road	a) No new road construction on unstable slopes.	a)	a) No new roads.
reconstruction shall be limited. Proposed activities shall be reviewed by the interjurisdictional committee who may make site specific recommendations:  1.3.1 No new road construction in Watershed Analysis ARS #2, 3 or 4. Follow	b) Almost no road reconstruction on unstable slopes.	b) No road reconstruction on unstable slopes.	<ul><li>b) No road reconstruction on unstable slopes.</li><li>c) Abandon moderate- and highrisk roads on unstable slopes.</li></ul>
Watershed Analysis ARS #2, 3 or 4. Follow Watershed Analysis prescription for road construction in ARS #1.  1.3.2 Existing road reconstruction will follow Watershed Analysis road construction prescriptions in ARS #1, 2, 3 and 4.			
1.4: Proposed activities on potentially unstable slopes outside of the above Watershed Analysis mass-wasting units will require on-site evaluation by a DNR specialist. Proposed activities shall be reviewed by the interjurisdictional committee who may make site specific recommendations:  1.4.1 No road construction will occur on areas identified by the above evaluation as unstable.  1.4.2 Road reconstruction on areas identified by the above evaluation as unstable will consider inter-jurisdictional committee and specialists' recommendations.			<ul><li>a) Full retention on all unstable slopes.</li><li>b) No new roads.</li><li>c) No road reconstruction on unstable slopes.</li><li>d) Abandon moderate- and highrisk roads on unstable slopes.</li></ul>
1.5: In Smith Creek, large woody debris, which increases the risk of log jams and resulting debris torrents, will be cut into chunks to reduce debris build up, to provide for public safety of downstream residents.			

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OBJECTIVE 2	Maintain and restore the sediment regime wit	thin the range of natural variability.		
	2.1: Follow Forest Practice Rules and watershed analysis prescriptions for road construction and maintenance.  2.1.1 No road construction during "wet" conditions (typically Nov. 1-March 31) unless the contractor can demonstrate that protection of resources can be provided.	a) Stream crossing of Type 1-4 streams by concurrence with inter-jurisdictional committee.	<ul> <li>a) Stream crossing of all stream types by concurrence with interjurisdictional committee.</li> <li>b) Pave 200'approaches to existing stream crossings.</li> <li>c) Bridges only on new or replaced stream crossings of Type 1-4 streams</li> <li>d) No construction October 15 – July 1</li> </ul>	Follow Forest Practice Rules for road maintenance.  No new roads.
	2.2: Minimize new road construction using harvest systems planning.			No new road construction.  Old road re-construction for restoration practices.
	2.3: No hauling during "wet" conditions" (typically Nov 1 – March 31) on roads with no surfacing or surfaced with non-durable rock, where sediment has the potential to deliver to streams.		No hauling on roads with no surfacing or surfaced with non-durable rock, where sediment has the potential to deliver to streams.	No hauling during "wet" conditions" (typically Nov.1 – March 31).
	2.4: Develop and begin implementation of a road maintenance and abandonment plan based on the specifications in WAC-222-24-50, within one year of the completion and approval of the landscape plan.  2.4.1 All orphaned roads will be inventoried and assessed. Mitigation work on orphaned roads will be done where a clear risk to public safety or potential for resource damage exists and accessing the site will not cause greater resource damage or public risk.	Treat (abandon and/or reduce to low risk) all high hazard, to public safety and resource damage, roads and orphaned roads within 3 years of approval of the landscape plan.	Treat (abandon and/or reduce to low risk) all high hazard, to public safety and resource, damaged roads and orphaned roads within 2 years of approval of the landscape plan.	
OBJECTIVE 3	Protect and restore riparian and wetland hab	itat to sustain healthy native aquatic, wetland	l, and riparian ecosystems.	·

PDEIS – Lake Whatcom Landscape Plan – Appendix D – Objectives & Alternatives – 9/13/02

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ake Whatcom Lanascape I tan - 9/15/02			
3.1: Establish riparian management zones along all streams. Manage lands within such zones to protect water quality and riparian habitat. Proposed activities shall be reviewed by the inter-jurisdictional committee who may make site specific recommendations:  3.1.1 Type 1, 2, and 3 waters shall have a designated riparian management zone with a minimum horizontal width (each side) equal to the	Riparian Buffers  Type 1 – 250'  Type 2 – 250'  Type 3 – 200'  Type 4 – 150'  Type 5 – 150'	Riparian Buffers  Type 1 – 250'  Type 2 – 250'  Type 3 – 250'  Type 4 – 250'  Type 5 – 150'	
100 year site potential tree height or 100 feet, whichever is greater; timber harvest allowed per HCP and forestry handbook procedures. 3.1.2 Type 4 waters shall have a designated riparian management zone with a minimum horizontal width (each side) of 100 feet; timber harvest allowed per HCP and forestry handbook procedures. 3.1.3 Type 5 waters shall have a designated riparian management zone with a minimum horizontal width (each side) of 33 feet.	No harvest except for roads and yarding corridors	No harvest except for roads	No harvest except for road maintenance or re-construction.
3.1.4 No timber harvests shall occur in type 5 riparian management zones except as needed for roads and yarding corridors. Trees cut for yarding corridors through type 5 riparian management zones shall be retained as down wood. 3.1.5 Riparian management zone distance measured horizontally from the outer edge of the 100-year flood plain.			Pre-commercial thinning only in stands <30 years old.
3.1.6 The riparian management zone shall be increased to include an outer wind buffer, consistent with the HCP, on Type 1, 2, & 3 waters in areas prone to windthrow. Where necessary, the	Riparian Wind Buffers 140' where necessary (assume 1 side of all streams, for modeling)	Riparian Wind Buffers 140' on each side of all streams	N/A
wind buffers shall be 100 feet wide on Type 1 & 2 waters and 50 feet wide on Type 3 waters wider than 5 feet.	20% harvest allowed in the outer 50' of wind buffer	No harvest in the wind buffer	N/A

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	YARDING CORRIDORS	<5% of stream length. Full	<2% of stream length. Full	
		suspension.	suspension.	
	3.2: Provide forested buffers on wetlands consistent	Wetlands and Buffers	Wetlands and Buffers	Wetlands and Buffers
	with HCP riparian management strategy.	SPTH <sub>200</sub> (Site Potential Tree	SPTH <sub>200</sub> on all wetlands over ½	SPTH <sub>200</sub> on all wetlands.
	3.2.1 For wetlands greater than 1 acre in size,	Height of a tree at age 200) buffer	acre	
	provide a buffer equal in width to the 100 year site	on all wetlands over 1/4 acre		
	potential tree height or 100 feet, whichever is			
	greater	No harvest in wetland,	No harvest in wetland or buffer	
	3.2.2 For wetlands greater than 0.25 acre and less	<b>Inner 50% of buffer: No harvest</b>		
	than one acre, provide a 100' buffer.	Outer 50% of buffer: 20%		
	3.2.3 Ensure timber harvest in forested portion of	removal		
	wetlands and buffers perpetuate a windfirm stand		For wetlands <1/4 acre, clump leave	N/A
	with a minimum basal area of 120 square feet per	For wetlands <1/4 acre, clump leave	trees in wetland.	
	acre	trees in wetland.		
OBJECTIVE 4	Maintain and restore the forest hydraulic regime for		1	
	4.1: Follow watershed analysis prescriptions. Maintain	Maintain at least 50% of each sub-	Maintain at least 70% of each sub-	N/A
	a minimum of (692) acres of hydrologically mature (>	basin (Watershed Analysis defined	basin (Watershed Analysis defined	
	40 years) forest in the Olsen Creek sub-basin.	sub-basins) above 60 years of age	sub-basins) above 60 years of age	
	Maintain a minimum of (1,200) acres of hydrologically			
	mature (> 40 years) forest in the Smith Creek sub-			
	basin.			
OBJECTIVE 5	Maintain and restore water quality necessary to supp			1
	5.1: Follow Forest Practice Rules and Forest Resource	No aerially-applied chemicals,	No chemicals, chemicals include dust	
	Plan Policy No. 33 (Controlling Competing	chemicals include dust abatement,	abatement, insecticides, pesticides, or	
	Vegetation). Use the following prioritized application	insecticides, pesticides, or fertilizers.	fertilizers.	
	methods: 1) No treatment, 2) Non-chemical, 3)			
	Ground-applied, and 4) Aerial-applied. Select a cost			
	effective method by considering the no treatment			
	method first and then move sequentially down the list.			
	5.2: Follow Forest Practice Rules and Forest Resource	No aerially-applied chemicals,	No chemicals, chemicals include dust	
	Plan Policy No. 34 (Thinning, Fertilizing, and	chemicals include dust abatement,	abatement, insecticides, pesticides, or	
	Pruning). Use prioritized application method listed in	insecticides, pesticides, or fertilizers.	fertilizers.	
	Strategy 5.1.			

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OBJECTIVE 6	Maintain and restore a diversity of natural and WDFW priority and habitat species (PHS).	d managed functional habitat conditions to	benefit native fish and wildlife species	, particularly those identified in
	6.1: Ensure all native fish species at all life stages have access throughout their natural range.  6.1.1 Identify, prioritize, and replace fish blockage culverts with fish passage structures. Replacement will occur with planned management activities or during implementation of the Road Maintenance & Abandonment Plan.	Complete 6.1.1 within 3 years after approval of landscape plan.	Complete 6.1.1 within 2 years after approval of landscape plan.	
	6.2: Retain riparian and wetland buffers and off-base unstable slope areas in older forest conditions.	Wildlife 140 year average rotation age	Wildlife 200 year average rotation age	Restoration thinning only (with the goal of accelerating the development of old forest conditions and/or important cultural vegetation).
	6.3: Protect all known bald eagle nesting, roosting and foraging sites. 6.3.1 Follow Forestry Handbook Procedure PR-14-004-330 for protecting bald eagle nest sites and roosts, including the development of site-management plans for bald eagle habitat pursuant to Forest Practices Regulations (WAC 232-12-292). 6.3.2 Follow the HCP riparian and large, structurally unique tree retention strategies, which should result in increased abundance of large trees for bald eagle nesting and roosting.	Inventory and protect all existing suitable habitat, for species that have guidelines according to the WDFW PHS Management Guidelines.		Restoration thinning only (with the goal of accelerating the development of old forest conditions and/or important cultural vegetation).

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protocol surveys of all known reclassified	Inventory and protect all existing suitable habitat, according to WDFW PHS Management Guidelines  Where no guidelines exist consult with DNR region, tribal, and WDFW biologist.	Where no guidelines exist consult with DNR region, tribal, and WDFW biologist, and follow their concurred recommendations.	Restoration thinning only (with the goal of accelerating the development of old forest conditions and/or important cultural vegetation).
•	Inventory and protect all existing suitable habitat, according to WDFW PHS Management Guidelines  Where no guidelines exist consult with DNR region, tribal, and WDFW biologist.	Where no guidelines exist consult with DNR region, tribal, and WDFW biologist, and follow their concurred recommendations.	Restoration thinning only (with the goal of accelerating the development of old forest conditions and/or important cultural vegetation).  N/A

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6.6: Follow specific Forestry Handbook Procedures. The following uncommon habitats have procedures: <u>Cliffs</u> – see Forestry Handbook Procedure PR 14-004-190: Protecting Cliffs.	Inventory and protect all existing suitable habitat, according to WDFW PHS Management Guidelines		Restoration thinning only (with the goal of accelerating the development of old forest conditions and/or important cultural vegetation).
Talus Fields – see Forestry Handbook Procedure PR 14-004-170: Protecting Talus Field.  Caves – see Forestry Handbook Procedure PR 14-004-180: Protecting Caves.  Balds – see Forestry Handbook Procedure PR 14-004-220: Protecting Balds.	Where no guidelines exist consult with DNR region, tribal, and WDFW biologist	Where no guidelines exist consult with DNR region, tribal, and WDFW biologist, and follow their concurred recommendations.	N/A
Tierr our Zzor rowwang zanaci	6.7 For species and habitats listed in PHS and not identified above follow PHS Management Guidelines	6.7 For species and habitats listed in PHS and not identified above follow PHS Management Guidelines	N/A
	Where no guidelines exist consult with DNR region, tribal, and WDFW biologist	Where no guidelines exist consult with DNR region, tribal, and WDFW biologist, and follow their concurred recommendations.	
	6.8 Protect locally rare or uncommon native vegetative communities within the watershed that exhibit a combination of distinct age structure, species composition, structural diversity, or high wildlife value as identified in the assessment by consultation with DNR region, affected tribes, and WDFW, for instance the 100 year old big leaf maple stand.		

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OBJECTIVE 7	Permanently retain green trees, snags, & down logs to support mature forest functions.			
	7.1: Implement the following snag and green tree	ogo to support muture for est functions.		
	retention procedures on all harvest units:	Permanently retain 25% of the trees in	Permanently retain 40% of the	N/A
	7.1.1 Retain 7 percent of all trees that are 12"	any harvest unit. Emphasize retention of	trees in any harvest unit. Emphasize	11/21
	dbh or larger or 8 trees per acre, whichever is	all existing snags (these count toward the	retention of all existing snags (these	
	greater, as legacy trees	25%). Retain all existing down logs.	count toward the 40%). Retain all	
	7.1.2 Legacy trees shall be dominant and co-	2570). Retain an existing down logs.	existing down logs.	
	dominant trees		Calsting down logs.	
	7.1.3 Retain at least five windfirm green trees			
	and three snags per acre harvested (subject to			
	Dept. of Labor and Industries safety standards)			
	7.1.4 Choose large trees with structural			
	characteristics important to wildlife and old			
	growth remnants			
	7.1.5 One of these trees must be from the			
	largest diameter class 7.1.6 One additional tree must be from the			
	dominant crown class			
	7.1.7 Leave snags where safe and practicable,			
	but at least three per acre on average must be			
	left (15"dbh and 30' tall if available)			
	7.1.8 If fewer than three snags per acre can be			
	left, additional live trees will be retained so			
	that the average per acre is 7 percent or 8 trees			
	per acre, whichever is greater.			
OBJECTIVE 8	Maintain or increase soil productivity and healt	h.		
	8.1: Implement strategies #7.1,12.1 and 12.2	Same as 1, with strategies from 2	Same as 1, with strategies from 3	Restoration thinning only (with the goal of accelerating the development of old forest conditions and/or important cultural vegetation).

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OBJECTIVE 9	Preserve, protect, and restore significant histo	ric, archeological, traditional current use a	and cultural resources.	
	9.1: Identify and protect cultural resources	Lummi Nation Code of Laws Title 40		
	using the following DNR policies, procedures,	Cultural Resources Preservation Code;		
	and guidelines, as well as state and federal acts,	Lummi Resolutions 92-124 & 125		
	rules, regulations, accords, agreements, and			
	executive orders.			
	Implement DNR Policy P006-001			
	HISTORICAL, CULTURAL AND			
	ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES 7/31/96: "All			
	department personnel will identify potential			
	archaeological, historic and cultural			
	sites/resources in the course of their normal			
	duties. Discovered resources will be recorded			
	and inventoried in coordination with the Office			
	of Archaeological and Historic Preservation			
	(OHAP) and/or the appropriate Tribes so that			
	they can be protected to the full extent			
	allowable by law.			
	"It is the policy of the department that Forest			
	Resource Plan Policy #24 "Identifying Historic			
	Sites," shall apply to all department managed			
	lands. That policy states "The department will			
	establish a program to identify and inventory			
	historic and archaeological sites and protect			
	them at a level, which, at a minimum, meets			
	regulatory requirements"			
	<b>DNR Tribal Policy PO06-002</b> , Jan. 16, 1991			
	as referenced in Appendix F of the 1991 Forest			
	Resource Plan, in PO06-001, and as reflected in			
	the Revised DNR Tribal Policy, June 1998.			

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1992 DNR Forest Resource Plan: Policy #8 Special Forest Products; Policy #13 Special Ecological Features; **Policy #16** Landscape Planning; Policy #19 Watershed Analysis; **Implement Policy #24:** <u>HISTORIC AND</u> ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES: The department will establish a program to identify and inventory historic and archaeological sites and protect them at a level which, at a minimum, meets regulatory requirements. Policy #28 Developing and Maintaining Roads; Policy #35 Implementation Policies: Public **Involvement**: "The department will solicit comment from the public, tribes, and government agencies when implementing the Forest Resource Plan and when revising policies contained in the document."

<u>DNR Forestry Handbook Procedures</u>: PR 14-004-030 <u>IDENTIFYING HISTORIC</u> <u>SITES</u>; PR 14-004-010 <u>IDENTIFYING OFF-BASE LAND</u>; PR 14-004-110 WETLAND MANAGEMENT.

**DNR 1997 HCP and DNR HCP FEIS**, October 1996, p. 3-121.

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Washington State Rules, Regulations,
Agreements: RCW 27.34 Archaeological and
Historic Preservation; RCW 27.44 Indian
Graves and Records; RCW 27.53
Archaeological Sites and Resources Act; RCW
43.21C.020 & WAC 197-11 State
Environmental Policy Act; RCW 25 Office of
Archaeology and Historic Preservation; RCW
76.09 Forest Practices Act; WAC 222 Forest
Practices Rules; 1999 Forest & Fish Plan
Appendices G: Cultural Resource Module, N2:
DNR Cultural Resources Planning, O:Cultural
Resources Management & Protection Plan;
1987 TFW Agreement; 1989 Centennial
Accord; State SHB 1189.

## Federal Regulations/Laws/Executive Orders:

36 CFR Part 800 Protection of Historic
Properties; 42 U.S.C. AIRFA American Indian
Religious Freedom Act; 33 U.S.C Clean Water
Act; 16 USC Endangered Species Act; Title 16
U.S.C 1906 Antiquities Act; Title 16 U.S.C.,
PL 96-95 Archaeological Resources Protection
Act of 1979; PL 101-601 Native American
Graves Protection and Repatriation Act; PL 91190 National Environmental Policy Act; 1971
Executive Order #11593 Protection and
Enhancement of the Cultural Environment.

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9.2: Use the DNR Total Resource Application	DNR and the affected Tribes will develop	
Cross-Reference (TRAX) database system prior	a Cultural Resource Management Plan	
to planning resource management activities to	(CRMP), in consultation with the Office	
identify known sites.	of Archaeology and Historic Preservation,	
	that implements the Protection Needs and	
Use the DNR Planning and Tracking (P&T)	Comments/Recommendations columns in	
System to identify Cultural Resources Site PER	the Cultural Resource Matrix (Table5),	
DNR PR 14-004-030 IDENTIFYING	the 1987 Timber, Fish, and Wildlife	
HISTORIC SITES	Agreement on Archaeological and	
	Cultural Resources, and DNR policy	
	P006-001. The CRMP will be completed	
	and implemented within 1-year following	

adoption of the landscape plan.

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9.3: When management activities involve or affect cultural resources, DNR will meet with the affected tribe(s) with the objective of agreeing to a plan for protecting the archeological or cultural value. (per WAC 222-20-120)  9.4: DNR will meet regularly with the affected tribe(s) to discuss plans or management activities. (per PO06-002 Tribal Relations Policy, January 16, 1991 and June 2, 1998)	DNR and the affected Tribes will develop a Cultural Resource Management Plan (CRMP), in consultation with the Office of Archaeology and Historic Preservation, that implements the Protection Needs and Comments/Recommendations columns in the Cultural Resource Matrix (Table5), the 1987 Timber, Fish, and Wildlife Agreement on Archaeological and Cultural Resources, and DNR policy P006-001. The CRMP will be completed and implemented within 1-year following adoption of the landscape plan.  Prior to implementation of the completed CRMP, DNR will consult with affected Tribes during timber harvest planning, as specified in a MOU, MOA, or other formalized agreement signed by DNR and the affected Tribes prior to adoption of the landscape plan. Protection of Traditional Cultural Properties identified during timber harvest planning will follow the Protection Needs and Comments/Recommendations columns in the Cultural Resource Matrix (Table5).		
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OBJECTIVE 10	Provide and facilitate tribal access to state managed lands for traditional cultural and religious practices and treaty guaranteed hunting and gathering.			
	10.1: Tribal use is provided for by Policy No. P010-002 (Public Use on DNR-Managed Trust Lands), provided resources and assets are not at risk.  Tribal Access for hunting, fishing and gathering per Point Elliott Treaty of 1855 Section 5 Open and unclaimed lands.	<ul> <li>a) Prior to implementation of the landscape plan, develop a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with affected Tribes regarding physical access for tribal members to state managed lands for traditional cultural and religious practices, and tribal ceremonial gathering and hunting.</li> <li>b) Include Tribes in pre- and post-harvest planning, provide information sharing and access to do traditional practices.</li> <li>c) Consult with Tribal staff during the development of the Lake Whatcom road maintenance and abandonment plan.</li> </ul>		
OBJECTIVE	Create and implement a sustained yield model	1 1	that encompasses the revised manage	ment standards and that is consistent
11	with the sustained yield established by the Boa		1	
	11.1: The average rotation age is consistent with forest resource plan policy as specified by site and species – generally averaging 60 years.	Average 140 year rotation	Average 200 year rotation	N/A
	11.2: Harvest trees in dense stands commercial thinning), before trees die from stand competition, to capture revenue that would otherwise be lost.			N/A
OBJECTIVE 12	Maintain or improve commercial forest produ	ectivity and health.	1	1
	12.1: Select a harvest method that maintains or facilitates establishment of productive and healthy forest stands.			Restoration thinning only (with the goal of accelerating the development of old forest conditions and/or important cultural vegetation).

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	12.2: Avoid using ground based harvesting			
	systems on slopes exceeding 30% and on soils			
	sensitive to compaction.			27/1
	12.3: Following regeneration harvests, reforest	Same as A, plus use natural regeneration	Same as A, plus use natural	N/A
	with a majority of Douglas-fir intermixed with	where appropriate.	regeneration where appropriate.	
	Western red cedar at all elevations in the			
	planning area.			
	12.4: Pre-commercially thin overstocked stands.			
	12.5: During the first two decades of the plan,			N/A
	accelerate the harvest of mature and overmature			
	hardwood stands on sites better suited for			
	conifers.			
	12.6: Control competing vegetation that would			N/A
	dominate crop trees or significantly inhibit			
	growth in a stand.			
OBJECTIVE	Cultivate higher value commercial forest prod	lucts.	1	
13	Cultivate inglier varue commercial forest products.			
	13.1: Plant and encourage growth of western			N/A
	red cedar to develop pole products.			
	13.2: Prune, to increase wood quality, where it			N/A
	will generate a higher economic return.			
	13.3: Consider tree selection during			N/A
	commercial thinning that promotes future log			
	quality.			
OBJECTIVE	Develop and maintain a transportation network	rk that facilitates commercial managemen	t activities.	
14				
	14.1: Develop and begin implementation of a			
	Road Maintenance and Abandonment Plan			
	within one year of the completion and approval			
	of the landscape plan.			
	14.2: Use harvest system planning to reduce			No new roads.
	total length of road constructed.			
	14.3: Abandon roads to Forest Practices			
	standards when they are no longer needed for			
	ş e			
	14.2: Use harvest system planning to reduce total length of road constructed.			No new roads.

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	14.4: Install and maintain gates where				
	necessary to reduce road maintenance costs,				
	resource impacts, vandalism, and garbage				
	dumping.				
OBJECTIVE 15	Maintain and increase lease revenue from existing and future communication sites.				
	15.1: Continue to lease tower and building				
	space to interested parties.				
	15.2: When possible, review rental rates.				
	Increase rates if market conditions allow.				
	15.3: Seek new communication site customers.			Seek new customers for existing communication sites only.	
OBJECTIVE 16	Consider opportunities to generate revenue from oil and gas exploration.				
	16.1: Limit exploratory drill sites to surface	No surface drilling in watershed.	No surface or exploratory drilling or		
	locations outside the watershed. Subsurface	_	seismic work in watershed.		
	diagonal drilling allowed.				
	16.2: If sufficient oil or gas reserves are found,				
	allow development of the resource if				
	compatible with other landscape objectives.				
OBJECTIVE 17	Consider the marketing of special forest produ	ucts such as evergreen boughs, salal green	s, moss, and native plants, as appropri	ate.	
	17.1: Ensure potential products, if sold, will not			N/A	
	negatively impact other resource objectives or				
	traditional tribal use.				
OBJECTIVE 18	Consider other revenue generating mechanisms.				
		Carbon sequestration			
	Green certification				
		Recreational fees			
	Carbon sequestration	Carbon sequestration			
	Lease	Lease			
	Conservation easement	Conservation easement			
	Reconveyance	Reconveyance			
	Exchange or sell trust lands	Exchange or sell trust lands consistent			
		with the respective alternative.			

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OBJECTIVE 19	Manage dispersed, low impact recreation.			
	19.1: Public use and recreation is allowed in	Consult with tribal staff to ensure that the		
	accordance with Policy No. PO10-002 (Public	DNR's public use policy is consistent		
	Use on DNR-Managed Trust Lands), provided	with Objectives 9 and 10.		
	resources and assets are not at risk.			
	19.2: As budget allows, develop a			
	comprehensive recreation plan in cooperation			
	with specific user groups such as the horseback			
	riders, mountain bikers, hikers and other			
	interested parties that minimizes impacts to			
	trust resources and assets.			
	19.3: Limit access to streams, riparian areas,			Pedestrian access only.
	and wetlands by motorized vehicles through			
	permanent road closures, vehicle barriers, and			
	public education and enforcement.			
OBJECTIVE 20	Reduce the visual impact of forest management activities in high visibility areas as shown on Map S-1.			
	Strategy 20.1: Follow Forest Practice			N/A
	Regulations and Forest Resource Policy No. 32			
	(Green-up of Harvest Units), in conjunction			
	with Policy No. 16 (Landscape Planning). The			
	following guidelines will be used for even			
	aged harvest units:			
	<ul> <li>Harvest units will not exceed 100 acres</li> </ul>			
	except in the case of emergency			
	salvage operations due to extensive			
	"blowdown", insect or disease			
	infestation, or public safety concern.			
	<ul> <li>No harvesting within 300 ft of another</li> </ul>			
	harvest area if combined acreage of			
	harvest areas exceeds 100 acres			
	Harvest units with trees greater than 4 ft high			
	are considered "greened-up."			

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	20.2: In highly visible areas the department			N/A
	will consider the size, shape, and location of			
	harvest units and distribution of leave trees			
	when planning timber sales.			
OBJECTIVE 21	Support stewardship education opportunities	and partnerships that address commu	nity needs.	
	21.1: Cooperate and provide educational opportunities from requesting educational			
	institutions and other interested parties			
	consistent with the department's public use			
	policy No. PO10–002.			
	21.2: DNR will continue to be an active			
	participant in the Forest Practices Timber Fish			
	Wildlife (TFW) process and the Lake			
	Whatcom Forestry Forum.			

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